

ARIZONA GUIDE TO IMMUNIZATIONS REQUIRED FOR ENTRY

Grades K-12 (School Year 2025-2026)



- Requirements are shown below as stated in [Arizona Administrative Code, R9-6-702](#), Table 7.1 and Table 7.2
- Please review the [Arizona Immunization Handbook for Schools and Child Care Programs](#) along with the [Vaccine Catch-Up Flowcharts & FAQs](#) for further information and details about immunization requirements and exemptions.
- Vaccines must follow ACIP minimum intervals and ages to be valid. See pages 3-4 of this document for minimum interval and catch-up schedule information.
- The 4-day grace period only applies to vaccine-administration minimum age and intervals. Refer to the Handbook for questions.

Vaccine	4-6 Years Old and attendance in Kindergarten or 1 st grade	7-10 Years Old	11 Years and Older
HepB Hepatitis B	3 doses The final dose of HepB must be given at 24 weeks of age or older.		
Polio Poliomyelitis (IPV) For OPV see page 2	4 doses The final dose of polio must be received at/after 4 years of age and at least six months after the previous dose. Only 3 doses are required if the 3 rd dose was received on/after the child's 4 th birthday and at least six months after the 2 nd dose. Additional doses may be needed to meet requirements. See pg. 2 for retrospective history guidance.		
MMR Measles, Mumps and Rubella	2 doses Minimum recommended age for dose 1 is 12 months.		
VAR Varicella (chickenpox)	1 dose Minimum recommended age for dose 1 is 12 months.		
DTaP, Tdap, Td Diphtheria, Tetanus, and Pertussis	5 doses of DTaP The final dose of tetanus-diphtheria-containing vaccine must be received at/after 4 years of age and at least six months after the previous dose. Only 4 doses are required if the 4 th dose was received on/after 4 years of age.	4 doses of tetanus-diphtheria-containing vaccine (or combination of DTaP, Td, or Tdap doses). At least one dose at/after 4 years of age and at least 6 months from the previous dose. 3 doses (with one at/after 4 years) are acceptable if the first dose was given on/after 1 st birthday; otherwise, refer for an additional dose.	1 dose of Tdap is required If the student does not have a Tdap but received a dose of tetanus-diphtheria-containing vaccine within the past 5 years, refer for the adolescent Tdap dose when 5 years have passed since that dose. If a student has received 1 valid dose of adolescent Tdap (age 10 years or older), no further doses are needed. Students must have a minimum series of 4 doses of tetanus-diphtheria-containing vaccine; 3 doses are acceptable if the 1 st dose was given on/after 1 st birthday.
MenACWY, MenABCWY or MCV4 Quad or Pentavalent Meningococcal	Retrospectively: Menactra (Meningococcal Quadrivalent Polysaccharide Conjugate) vaccine was discontinued in 2022 and was replaced by MenQuadfi. Menomune (Meningococcal Polysaccharide) vaccine was discontinued in February 2017. Because both Menactra and Menomune are quadrivalent vaccines, both are considered acceptable for school requirements. See pg. 3 for more details.		1 dose of MenACWY or MenABCWY is required A dose administered at 10 years of age will meet the requirement.

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Vaccine	Dose #	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval Between Doses	Notes
HepB Hepatitis B	dose 1	Birth	At least 4 weeks between dose 1 & 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some children may receive a birth dose and then a combination vaccine, resulting in a total of 4 (or more) doses. As long as the interval between doses is met, 4+ doses meet requirements. 2 doses, at least 4 months apart, meet the requirement if the child received the adolescent series using the Merck Recombivax HB Adult Formulation when the child was 11-15 years of age.
	dose 2	4 weeks	At least 8 weeks between dose 2 & 3 (or final)	
	dose 3	24 weeks	At least 16 weeks between dose 1 & 3 (or final) AND at/after 24 weeks of age	
Polio IPV or OPV	dose 1	6 weeks	At least 4 weeks between dose 1 & 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retrospectively: 1) A final dose given on or after August 7, 2009, must be given at or after 4 years of age and a minimum interval of 6 months from the previous dose. 2) Students who received 4 doses (with at least 4 weeks minimum intervals between doses and/or before the age of 4 years) PRIOR to August 7, 2009, have met the requirement. OPV given prior to April 1, 2016, will be presumed to be trivalent and therefore acceptable, regardless of age, or country, of administration. Any OPV doses administered on or after April 1, 2016, are presumed to be bivalent and therefore unacceptable. Poliomyelitis vaccine is not recommended in the U.S. for individuals 18 years of age or older; however, a complete series is still required for school attendance.
	dose 2	10 weeks	At least 4 weeks between dose 2 & 3	
	dose 3	14 weeks	At least 4 weeks between dose 3 & 4	
	dose 4	4 years	At least 6 months between final dose and previous dose (could be final dose 3 or final dose 4)	
MMR Measles, Mumps and Rubella	dose 1	12 months		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If MMR dose 1 was given between 6 months old and 4 days prior to the 1st birthday, another dose is required with a minimum of 28 days between doses.
	dose 2	13 months	At least 4 weeks (28 days) between dose 1 & 2	
VAR Varicella (chickenpox)	dose 1	12 months	At least 3 months between dose 1 & 2 4 weeks (28 days) between doses if administered at age 13 or older	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If varicella dose 1 was given more than 4 days before the 1st birthday, another dose is required with a minimum of 28 days between doses. 2 doses, at least 4 weeks apart, are required if dose 1 was given at 13 years of age or older.

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Vaccine	Dose #	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval Between Doses	Notes
DTaP, Tdap, Td Tetanus, Diphtheria, and Pertussis	dose 1	6 weeks	At least 4 weeks between dose 1 & 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DTaP is approved for children through age 6. If catch-up doses are needed at age 7 or older, Tdap or Td should be used to start/complete the series. A Tdap given between 7-9 years of age does not count towards the 11-12-year-old Tdap requirement; a minimum of 5 years is required from the last tetanus-diphtheria dose. Retrospectively, if a child received a Tdap at age 10 as part of a catch-up series, the dose may be counted as the 11-12-year-old dose, and it meets the school requirement. Once a valid 11-12-year-old Tdap dose has been received, a tetanus booster is recommended when 10 years have passed since the last dose of tetanus-containing vaccine. Refer to DTap, Tdap, Td (Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis) Grades K-12 Flowcharts
	dose 2	10 weeks	At least 4 weeks between dose 2 & 3	
	dose 3	14 weeks	At least 6 months between dose 3 & 4	
	dose 4	12 months	At least 6 months between dose 4 & 5	
	dose 5	4 years	In general, a child should not receive more than 4 doses prior to the 4 th birthday or a total of 6 doses prior to the 7th birthday; however, the child should still receive a dose at/after 4 years of age and at least 6 months from the previous dose	
MenACWY, MenABCWY, MCV4 Meningococcal	dose 1	10 years	Acceptable meningococcal vaccines include MenACWY or MenABCWY.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> U.S. manufactured quadrivalent meningococcal (MenACWY: Menveo or MenQuadfi) or pentavalent meningococcal (MenABCWY, Penbraya) vaccine doses will be accepted. Contact ADHS Bureau of Immunization Services with questions about vaccines manufactured outside the U.S. No monovalent or bivalent meningococcal vaccinations will be accepted (MenA, MenB, MenC, or MenC/Y). Refer to Vaccines for Meningococcal CDC Refer to Use of the Pfizer Pentavalent Meningococcal Vaccine Among Persons Aged ≥10 Years: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices — United States, 2023 MMWR